Community Engagement 2.0... When Traditional Methods Won't Do

Legal Dos and Don'ts of School Budget Campaigns

NJSBA Winter School Public Relations Forum

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A board of education may pay for, produce and distribute a publication in which it exhorts the public to "Vote Yes" on the upcoming school budget tax levy.

True

False

Citizens v. Parsippany-Troy Hills

13 *N.J.* 172 (1953)

- Board may make reasonable expenditures for voter education
- Board may not spend public funds to support one side
 - Overdramatization of consequences of referendum failure
 - -"Vote Yes" 3 times

Citizens v. Parsippany-Troy Hills 13 N.J. 172 (1953)

- Proper board expenditures examples
- Use of outside group/civic associations
- Implicit expenditures

Schettino V. Ridgefield Bd. of Ed. (1993)

Commissioner's remedy-

- Rejects ALJ equal coverage establishes board procedures
- Board review of election publications
- Consultation with board attorney
- Full board approval prior to distribution

In re: Old Bridge Election (1994)

- Cable television panel presentation
- 3 of 4 speakers urge public to vote yes "Give us your vote of support and vote 'yes' on April 20th." "We appeal to you to please vote for the budget."
- Public- funded advocacy

Enterline v. Hillsborough (1996) Functional exhortation to "vote yes"

"Approved referendum enables us to continue providing the quality education our children deserve."

"Responsibly planning...is what the March 28 bond referendum is all about."

Enterline v. Hillsborough (1996)

Overdramatized ramifications of a defeated bond referendum

"Emotionally, a defeated referendum can split a community, tarnish the image of a school district, and over time, reduce property values."

Enterline v. Hillsborough (1996) Commissioner Remedy

- Open session-Board review of bond referendum publications
- Assistance of counsel
- Must include findings that materials are educational and not for purpose of influencing opinion

Schoen v. Edison (1997)
(Board Wins!!!)

- Not unreasonable to hire consultant
- Board self-policed materials
- Board declined to distribute some materials, letters to the editor, phone bank script

Schoen v. Edison (1997)

- ... to spend public funds materials must be informative and balanced, rather than advocative.
- ...if there is no evidence that the information is deliberately incomplete, inaccurate, or selectively biased, the mere absence of opposing viewpoint(s) does not warrant a finding that the material contravenes Citizens...

Adams v. Greenwich Township Board of Education (1999)

- Bond referendum information did not unfairly advocate
- Omission of state aid not fatal
- 4 Fliers Board intended to present facts and exhort voters to ask questions

In re Use of Abbott Funds Elizabeth Bd. of Ed. - 2009

- Board spent \$ 88,373 on color brochure, 4 TV spots to oppose Mayor's proposed sale of land
- Use of public funds for advocacy "political advertisement at heart of <u>Citizens</u>"
- Commissioner deducts \$88,373 in state aid

The Executive County Superintendent must approve all publications distributed by the board of education to the community at large to ensure that public funds are being expended properly.

True False



Accountability Regulations 2009

N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-5.2 – Public Relations

- Communications to community at large 60/90 days before the election
- Promotional efforts to advance election positions prohibited
- Executive County Superintendent approval

Accountability Regulations 2009

N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-9.3

Efficiency Standards, Public Relations
Definition, Use of Consultant

N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-22.6
Charter Schools and Public Relations

Your board president is concerned about the upcoming school budget election, given the economic climate. She has developed a marketing proposal for the board which includes a series of bi-weekly community newsletters, starting on March 1, with placement on the school's website and on the local cable access bulletin board.

N.J.S.A. 18A:42-4 – Use of Students

- Literature may not be given to students that promotes, favors or opposes candidacy or public question
- Student may not be requested to engage in activity that promotes, favors or opposes candidacy or public question
- Board must adopt policy

Use of Student Record Information

N.J.A.C. 6A:32-7.1 et seq.

Limited Access; Student Directory Information

Campaign Literature

N.J.S.A. 19:44A-22.2

Name, residence, and "paid for by" language

Marketing Tactics

- Raffles prohibited as inducement to vote, licensing - N.J.S.A. 19:34-39,40
- Scheduling of PTA meetings/Back to School night on Election Day - not prohibited, public goal to increase voter participation, caution

The superintendent has reviewed the board president's marketing plan and has added a few suggestions:

- Give students election information to take home, including information on how to obtain an absentee ballot
- Use the Reverse 911/Honeywell phone system to communicate election information, encouraging people to vote
- Email or text all parents, advising them of the election date and time and encouraging them to vote

A board member, who does not agree with the proposed budget, has created his own personal website, on which he is encouraging people to "Vote No!" He has also been seen outside the local supermarket handing out literature opposing the budget and has asked for permission to hand out the same literature at the next board meeting.

School Officials can never get into ethical difficulty regarding school board candidate campaigning or promoting or opposing the school district budget.

True

False



School Official Ethical Considerations SEC Advisory Opinion AO3-07 (April 2007)

- Identify yourself as a board member
- Indicate opinions are your own and not necessarily that of the board of education
- Information is accurate and not confidential
- No private action that could compromise the board

School Official Ethical Considerations Case Law

- Board candidate fliers posted in school administration offices
- Campaign flier contained incomplete and inaccurate fiscal information
- Using district automated call system to remind voters to vote on Election Day

Questions?